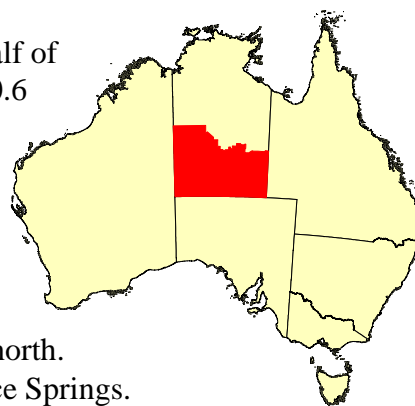

National Indigenous Forestry Strategy

Alice Springs Indigenous Coordination Centre

Area profile

Location

- The Alice Springs ICC area is located in the Southern half of the Northern Territory. It comprises of approximately 50.6 million hectares of land, of which 0 hectares are forested.
- The areas boundaries are made up of the South Australian State border to the South, the Queensland State border to the east and the Western Australian State border to the west. The area shares common boundaries with the Tennant Creek and Katherine ICC areas to the north.
- The area coordination office is located in the city of Alice Springs.



Land Tenure

- The most widespread tenure type in the area is Private Leasehold land, with 50% of the total area attributed to that tenure type. Leasehold land is also common, making up 41% of the total area.

Alice Springs tenure types	Hectares	Percent of total
Private leasehold	25,058,017	50
Leasehold	20,676,338	41
Other Crown Land	4,691,444	9
Nature Conservation Reserve	107,460	0
Unresolved Tenure	52,625	0
Total	50,585,884	100

Forest type

- There are no forests located within this ICC area.

Soils

- The Alice Springs ICC area is dominated by vast expanses of sandy soils interspersed with scattered patches of non-calcareous massive earths, red duplex soils and loams.

Climate

- Climatic zones in the area range from desert hot (persistent dry) in the southeast, to grassland hot (winter drought) in the northwest.
- On average the city of Alice Springs receives 280mm of rainfall each year, predominantly falling during the warmer months.
- Average daily minimum and maximum temperatures in the city

Alice Springs	Mid-Winter	Mid- Summer
Average maximum	21°C	36°C
Average minimum	3°C	20°C

Population

- Total population of ICC area: 40,212 (20% of the Northern Territories population and 2% of the entire nation's population).
- Largest City: Alice Springs (23,384)
- Largest Indigenous population: Alice Springs (3,380)

Social indicator table

Social Indicator	In ICC Area	State or Territory	National
Total population (2001)	40,212	200,645	18,757,139
Total population living in urban centres	29,473	168,065	16,823,254
Total rural population	10,739	32,580	1,933,885
Percentage of population living in urban centres	73.3%	83.8%	89.7%
Average annual growth rate based on population change (1996-2001)	0.8%	1.0%	1.1%
Number of people employed in forestry and logging	11	91	10,944
Number of people employed in Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry	452	2,648	330,466
Persons employed in forestry and logging as a percentage of all persons employed in Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry	2.4%	3.4%	3.3%
Proportion of employed persons working in the industry sector of forestry and logging	0.06%	0.10%	0.13%
Number of people employed in Paper and Wood Products Manufacturing	25	187	63,383
Proportion of employed persons working in the industry sector of Wood and Paper product manufacturing	0.15%	0.21%	0.78%
Percentage of high income households	35.9%	36.7%	29.4%
Proportion of low income households	9.1%	10.0%	13.9%

ICC Areas: Regional socio-demographic figures were compiled from aggregated 2001 SLA data. The population of an SLA was attributed to an ICC area if over 50% of the SLA fell within that area.

Climate information data source: Australian Bureau of Meteorology, (BOM) 2006, 'Climate Averages for Australian Sites'.

Social Indicator data source: Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) 1996-2001, Census of Population and Housing. Data based on the place of enumeration. Data supplied by ABS as customised tables at statistical local area (SLA) geography.

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